Task: for determination and recommendation on whether the minimum facility standards under CCR 2030.2 small animal mobile clinics is appropriate for application to pet ambulances. If so, whether that section should be clarified to specifically add the term pet ambulance.

Point of order: there is no definition for pet ambulance or veterinary pet transport

Do we want to include pet harness if not using carrier or containment below?

Subcommittee suggestion:

CCR 2030.25 For purposes of these regulations, a "veterinary pet transport" shall mean a vehicle or mobile facility that provides veterinary medical services to animals in transport to and/or from the animal's residence and a veterinary premises.

- (a) A veterinary pet transport shall have:
  - (1) Hot and cold water.
  - (2) a 110-volt power source for diagnostic equipment.
  - (3) A collection tank for disposal of waste material.
  - (4) Lighting adequate for the procedures to be performed in the veterinary pet transport.
  - (5) Floors, table tops, and counter tops shall be of a non-porous material suitable for regular disinfecting, and cleaning, and shall be cleaned and disinfected regularly.
  - (6) Secure compartment(s) to transport or hold animals, pet harness(es), and immobilization board(s) to hold and transport animals. if applicable.
    - (b) A veterinary pet transport shall also have:
      - (1) indoor lighting for halls, wards, reception areas, examining and surgical rooms, which shall be adequate for its intended purpose.
        (2) an examination room, which shall be of sufficient size to accommodate the doctor, assistant, patient and client.
      - (3) fire precautions that meet the requirements of local and state fire prevention codes,
      - (4) temperature and ventilation control adequate to assure the comfort of all patients.
      - (5) A small animal mobile clinic which provides aseptic surgical services shall also have a room, separate and distinct from other rooms, which shall be reserved for aseptic surgical procedures. Storage in the surgery room shall be limited to items and equipment normally related to surgery and surgical procedures. A veterinarian may perform emergency aseptic surgical procedures in another room when the room designated for aseptic surgery is occupied or temporarily unavailable. A small animal mobile clinic which provides aseptic surgical services and that is currently registered with the board, but does not have a separate room reserved for aseptic surgical procedures, shall provide the board with the vehicle identification number of the mobile clinic and obtain compliance with this subdivision on or before January 1, 2006.

**Commented [WT1]:** I recommend including in the meeting materials for this item the approved Minimum Standards for Alternate Premises for easy reference.

Commented [WT2]: Need to add within CCR 2030.1 and 2030.5 so that pet transport falls within the premises registration requirement established under 2030 Min Standards for Alt Premises.

**Commented [WT3]:** Revised definition to better differentiate the pet transport from the small animal mobile clinic

- (A) A small animal mobile clinic that provides aseptic surgery shall also have an examination area separate from the surgery room that is large enough to conduct an examination.
- (c) A veterinary pet transport shall have the ability and equipment to provide immediate emergency care at a level commensurate with the specific veterinary medical services it is providing.
- (d) A veterinary ambulance shall provide either after hours emergency services to its patients or, if no after hours emergency care is available, full disclosure to the public prior to rendering services.
- (e) When the client has not given the veterinarian authorization to dispose of his or her deceased animal, the veterinarian shall be required to retain the carcass in a freezer for at least 14 days prior to disposal.